

# Gramin Vikas Samiti Damoh (M.P.)



## Annual Progress Report 2022-23



Women in Madhya Pradesh face gender discrimination and many other challenges in terms of employment, decision-making, property ownership, domestic violence and seeking help among women. Men have a greater share of property ownership. Domestic violence is a concern, with many women experiencing physical or sexual violence. Unfortunately, seeking help is limited, and few women appeal for help. Gramin Vikas Samiti is constantly trying to understand these problems and promote gender equality, security and empowerment for women.

### **International Women's Day Celebration**

The organization is continuously working to respect, empower and make women aware, in this series, on the occasion of International Women's Day, a women's conference was organized with the aim of creating awareness about women's rights.

The program was coordinated by the Kishori Balika group. The objective of the event was to empower adolescent girls by inspiring them and creating awareness about their rights.



More than 600 women participated in this program. This program was presided over by Mr. Jagmohan Singh, Justice of Tendukheda. Justice Jagmohan Singh gave important information to women about health and nutrition, education, agriculture, water resource skill development etc.

Smt. Sandhya Rawat of GVS gave a message to walk on new path and accept it by the society. The director of the organization Mr. Govind Yadav gave a message to the people and called upon them to adopt equality, then the people present resolved to accept equality.

In the area, the girls of the Bal Panchayat formed by the organization presented a street play to remove the evils like child marriage. Shaleen Sharma, Assistant Director of District Women and Child Development, said that women should get equal opportunities and rights.

## **With the efforts and help of GVS a visually impaired girl got married**

GVS is working at the grass root level for the welfare and awareness of women and children, there was a woman in village Padajheer, Tendukehra who is 7.5 months pregnant.

During meeting our team member when we asked about her she told that her name is Kalindri and she is blind by birth she is from Village Bamhani, Tehsil Lormi, District Mungeli, Chhattisgarh and living here with Raghavendra Singh Gound .

Some time ago Raghavendra used to work in a poultry farm in Bilaspur Chhattisgarh. There Raghavendra met Kalindri and both fell in love. Kalindri came to Pandajhir village of Raghavendra and started living in live in relation.

After a few months when she went to the Anganwadi center for her checkup and vaccination when she got pregnant, the Anganwadi worker asked her to submit some of her identity documents and family register records to get benefits from the government schemes.

We collected the identity document and disability certificate to help that disabled pregnant woman. On the basis of which we presented them before the District Collector and Marriage Registrar to get married. The District Registrar gave an appointment for their marriage. On 28/11/22 Raghavendra, along with his family members, GVS members, Anganwadi worker and some villagers came to Kalindri registrar office and got married in front of the registrar.

Union Water Power and Food Processing Minister Honorable Prahlad Singh Patel and Damoh Collector blessed the newly married couple and wished them all the best for the future.





## **Capacity building of front line workers**

Many community based meetings were organized by the organization with Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs), teachers, Anganwadi workers, ASHAs and ANMs) for community development and awareness in remote backward areas of Damoh, Panna, Sagar, Chhatarpur in Bundelkhand

- Efforts have been made to create/spread awareness among the children, adolescent girls/boys, women and people of the area through these meetings.
- Provided training on what should be the roles and responsibilities of Panchayati Raj Institutions, teachers, Anganwadi workers, ASHA workers and ANMs.
- All community groups from the work area have been trained on how to improve the condition of the family through maternal and child health care.
- In relation to the health of pregnant women, lactating mothers and adolescent girls, benefits of Village Health Center and VHND were told.
- Children were advised to get life saving vaccines on the prescribed day.
- Organized meetings with front line workers like ASHA, Anganwadi workers and ANMs and gave information in the meetings regarding reducing infant and maternal mortality and anemia in the area.
- Information was given about the ill-effects of child marriage.



## **Livelihood and income**

During the training meetings in the area, the people of the community emphasized on programs like promoting livelihood apart from social issues, planning and working on priority.

GVS did the work of orientation of SHGs to 560 women from 55 villages of the work area.

**Formation and Orientation on SHGs:** In all the villages, meetings were held with the SHG members along with the community members. The organization oriented the members about the need and benefits of forming SHGs.

**Training on Group Mobility of SHGs:** GVS provides orientation training on group dynamics and various techniques involved in group management. The roles and responsibilities of the group members were also discussed in the training. The trainings were conducted in the village and all the self help groups of the village were covered.

**Training on Leadership Skill Development:** Key members of all SHGs are provided training on leadership development and skills in group management.

**Training on Accounting and Bookkeeping:** Training was imparted to the selected members of the SHG for the basics of book keeping process. It was also ensured that all the members in the groups were literate and he would help her in bookkeeping and accounting.

## Vocational skill building on alternative livelihood opportunities:

The organization organized skill development training for alternate livelihood opportunities that were identified by the groups. For example, training for making rakhi and bracelets was organized in Tindoni village of Damoh. On the festival of Raksha Bandhan, the women and girls of Tindoni village make rakhi and bracelets and the youth of the village sell them in the market, this gives them skill and also earns a small income.

### Case study of success

The people of the Nat community of Tindoni village either beg or do risky jobs like performing stunts for livelihood. Modern society has never looked at them with respect.

A skill development camp was organized by the Gramin Vikas Samiti in village Tidouni, in which about 3500 rakhis were made by the women of this community, our aim was not only to develop skills but Along with this, the thinking of generating self-employment was to be developed among the people of the Nut community.

Therefore, the material for making rakhi was purchased by the Rural Development Committee, along with training was also given to sell rakhis.

As a result, Arvind got a profit of Rs.5600 and Rajjan got a profit of Rs.5200.

Thus, on the day of Nag Panchami and Rakshabandhan, none of the children from the families of Arvind and Rajjan went out to beg in the cities and they celebrated their festival with laughter, happiness and joy. Arvind bought new clothes for his children on the day of Rakshabandhan and Also bought sweets of the children's choice.



## **Maternal and child health care**

GVS is working on maternal and child health care in the field of work with the following objectives-

- Capacity building of frontline health workers like ASHA, ANM, Anganwadi workers at village level.
- Improving maternal and child health.
- To reduce infant and child mortality, morbidity rates.
- To improve the status of antenatal checkups, postnatal checkups
- Increasing institutional deliveries.
- Increase colostrum feeding.
- Improving proper and complete immunization.
- Spreading awareness about women and child health care practices.
- Awareness on balanced diet

## **Pregnancy and for pregnant women:**

508 pregnant women were covered by us under the health and nutrition project. As a result of our efforts, 447 out of 508 women underwent ANC during their first trimester.

We have given pregnant women benefits from government welfare schemes like Janani Suraksha Yojana, Matru Suraksha Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Matrutva Vandana Yojana, for example we have provided benefits to 260 women under Pradhan Mantri Matrutva Vandana Yojana and 370 pregnant women under Janani Suraksha Yojana.



## **Malnutrition:**

The organization made people aware and explained about nutritious food in various remote villages of the work area -

A balanced diet is one that includes all the essential nutrients required by the body. A balanced diet menu should include a variety of food choices because not every food contains all the nutrients.

Coarse grains: Traditionally coarse grains were a part of regular diet, but now with modernization people are neglecting them and the quantity of coarse grains in daily diet has become very limited. Millets are an essential part of a balanced diet because of their high nutritional value.

The most important millets are jowar, bajra and ragi. Even though they are classified as millets, they offer high nutritional value. For example, ragi is high in iron, calcium, other minerals and trace elements.

GVS worked effectively to fight malnutrition among rural communities. With the efforts of the organization, 32 malnourished children were sent to NRC and 71 malnourished children to other health facilities from the villages of Tendukheda block. As a result of which 237 malnourished children became normal.



## **Nutritious Diet & Food Demo**

**Training on Kitchen Garden:** To enhance the health and nutritional status of women, women were motivated to grow vegetables daily at their home in the form of kitchen garden. GVS distributed more than 350 vegetable seed kits to 35 women groups.

By promoting kitchen garden to grow green vegetables rich in nutrients like spinach, tomato, fenugreek, brinjal, bottle gourd, okra etc., the aim was to increase the amount of nutrition in the homes of malnourished children and make them healthy.



Food demos were organized in Anganwadi centers in remote tribal dominated villages of the region for example Khakaria Khurd, Cachar Dhangaur, Khangoriya and many other villages.

A demo of nutritious food was done during the home visits of malnourished children. We have discussed the nutritional value and importance of iron-rich spinach and other foods such as pulses, urad, lentils, beans, cereals, jaggery, sprouts, drumsticks and vitamin-rich foods such as fish, meat and other foods. Also told. Which can help beat anemia and malnutrition.



We told that in a nutrition plate, one part of cereals including coarse grains, one part of pulses, one part of green vegetables, one part of fruits, salads should be there. In which the body gets enough nutrients. The body gets nutrients even in non-vegetarian food.

These food demos have resulted in grade movement of malnourished children.

## Agriculture skill development

**Training on Organic Farming:** Poor farmers were provided training on organic farming. Training was provided to interested farmers. Resource persons imparted training on various scientific methods of organic farming and best practices of vegetable cultivation to enhance the skills of poor farmers in the operational area.



### Farmer training

We trained the farmers who have less land and lack of economic resources to get better production even in less land. GVS trained two methods in these farmer trainings

### Co-cropping Farming

By doing co-cropping, farmers with small land can also earn good income by growing more than one crop. In this method, two or more crops are grown on the same piece of land. This includes cultivation of vegetables on ridges along with traditional cereal and pulse crops, cultivation of pulses on ridges, cultivation of vegetables and medicinal crops along with other crops.

- Cultivation of co-cropping increases the fertility of the soil and saves the cost of nutrient management.
- On farming with this method, the crops work for nutrition among them, this helps in getting quality production.
- In this method of farming, there is less chance of loss and thus farmers can produce different crops from the same land.
- Co-cropping helps farmers to make proper use of land, labor and capital.

### Mixed Farming

Along with farming, the method of taking additional production from agricultural works like animal husbandry, fish farming, poultry, bee-keeping and dairy farming is called mixed farming. Under this method which doubles the income of farmers, farmers also grow more than one crop in the field, in which traditional and pulse crops are taken as the main crops.

- By doing mixed farming, the income of the farmers doubles, as well as they get another means of employment apart from farming.
- In case of any kind of calamity on the crops in mixed farming, the burden of loss is reduced, because the farmers have another source of income.
- The cost of agricultural works also reduces by doing mixed farming. For example, after rearing animals, the dung obtained from animals can be used as manure. On the other hand, green fodder obtained from pulse crops is used as nutrition for animals.
- Animal husbandry, fish farming, poultry farming, beekeeping along with farming, apart from selling grains, additional income is earned by selling milk, fish, eggs, meat and honey.



## Community Based Organizations and Panchayats

- Through training meetings to promote grassroots community based organizations for sustainable development in rural Bundelkhand, GVS focused on the following goals in different villages of the area:-
- To provide livelihood promotion and social inclusion services to the rural poor, dalits and tribals living in urban slums of Damoh.
- To promote the importance of education among children, women and youth for overall development.
- Networking with government, departments and CBOs for advocacy and policy level change.
- In the meeting with PRI members/community leaders and individual village sarpanchs on the importance of Village Health Action Plan, we discussed about the prevention of seasonal diseases and we discussed that Corona (Covid-19) What precautions should be taken in the prevention of epidemic.
- Apart from this we have also discussed about water borne diseases and how we clean water and what things we can use to purify water so we have used chlorine, bleaching powder or Explained the use of bleaching powder in the well.



## **Child Welfare and Protection of Child Rights**

GVS works for the care and protection of children, especially those children who are in need of care and protection. Gramin Vikas Samiti has got the status of single window of the district, which helps children in any kind of problem, problematic children themselves or any adult person can come and inform us by writing letter, email or through telephone. Is.

We have prepared action plan according to the categories of cases like child marriage, medical aid, missing children, children in distress, education etc. and has accordingly interfered with them, with the object of:

- Spreading awareness about the emergency helpline number 1098.
- Identification of children in need of care and protection.
- We try to reach Damoh's 461 Gram Panchayats, 1250 villages where there are about 4 lakh children, through various mediums.
- As soon as we come to know that a child is going out of the security circle, we immediately help him and make him safe again.
- Raising the issues of children before the District Legal Services Authority and Public Utility Lok Adalat.

### **Child protection week**

- GVS organized Child Protection Week program from 14 November 2022 to 20 November 2022 to create awareness among the public about the protection and rights of children. In which we made aware about 11000 people in schools, colleges and slums.
- Information about the Protection of Children from Sexual Offenses Act 2012 was given to children and people.
- Good Touch Bad Touch - Children were told that only they have rights over their bodies. If children do not feel comfortable touching or being touched by a relative or anyone, do not force them to do so and do not allow it to happen. If a person's neighboring relatives touch or try to touch his genitals, immediately inform his parents or teachers at school.



## **Direct Assistance Provided to Children:**

**Medical help:** GVS has provided help to 175 children and pregnant women in various situations and circumstances, such as help in getting an ambulance, help for proper treatment, talking to a doctor, getting medicines, in case of injury or accident. , arranging blood, helping in transportation from hospital to home and hospital etc.

**Child Marriage** We have successfully stopped 58 child marriages through counseling out of which 38 were female and 20 were male. Whereas, if we classify them by age, the minimum age of child marriage is 12 years, and most of the child marriages take place in the age group of 16 and 17 years.

**Emotional support and guidance:** In case of children being troubled, if he is under stress or emotional breakdown, any social abuse or social media harassment, abuse and other harassment, physical abuse or violence, social media Harassment, Social abuse or Harassment at any place, Harassment on phone calls, WhatsApp etc. In such cases we provide counseling and guidance and provide emotional support, we have helped 36 such children during this tenure.

**Protection from abuse:** During this tenure we have helped 61 such children who have been or are being abused in any way, physical or mental.

**Missing Child:** In this period we rescued 63 such children from different places like railway station, bus stand or any public place and trace the parents of those children and contact those parents and send them to their homes.

There are 8 cases related to **child labor**, we intervened and brought the said children to the notice of child labor officials and created awareness about the Child Labor Act during field visits and through various outreaches to protect children from child labor.

**Begging:** We have helped 22 children who were doing begging or living with their parents during begging. In such cases, we rescue and protect those children and advise their parents to send them to school instead of begging.

**Sponsorship:** We have assisted 44 children in the process of documentation to get sponsorship from the concerned department. Children who have lost their parents or who are in need of care and protection, have no one to take care of them, took them to the



concerned departments to connect them with government schemes and took action on them.

**Child Sexual Abuse:** We helped 10 children who had been sexually abused in any form. In such cases, we helped protect those children. Talked to the police and administration for which the children should get proper justice. Helped in registering FIRs in cases. Counseling of parents and family was also done so that they do not talk about that incident again and again with the children and the children can get proper force friendly environment.

**In documents related to identity,** 69 children were assisted in making birth certificates, 39 children were helped in getting Aadhaar cards made and corrections done, 29 children were helped in getting Ayushman cards made.

**In education related issues,** 26 children were helped to get admission in school, 7 children were helped in getting scholarship, and 59 children were helped in other education related issues. Apart from these, 47 children were helped to get family ID or name addition.

In cases related to **pregnant women and infants,** assisted 11 women to get benefits of Janani Suraksha Yojana and 5 cases for Pradhan Mantri Matrutva Vandana Yojana.

**PDS Ration:** There were 93 cases related to ration, in which either they did not have their ration cards, or the names of the children are not included in the ration cards, and if they are included then they are not getting ration. In such cases, we have helped those children to get ration, add their names to the ration card and get ration.

Apart from these, we have helped 16 disabled children to get disabled pension. 2 children were assisted in getting caste certificates made.

Apart from the above cases, we have helped 53 children in various other problems in their lives.

### Life skills training for kids

GVS is working for the best interest of the children. During field work and outreach activities, GVS conducted life skill training for children in different villages of the region. Whose objectives were the following -

- To increase children understands of community activities.
- To develop leadership potential in children so that they can successfully express their issues and views in front of the society.
- To increase the understanding of child rights.
- To develop the concept of child participation, the views and opinions of the children should be respected and implemented.
- To develop self-confidence in children.



## summer camp for kids

To hone the talent of the children of the Naat community who are into child begging and child labor and their families are forced to allow them to do so due to their poor economic condition.

We had a community meeting with the Nat people of Tindoni and discussed about the hidden talents in the children. To bring forward these talents of children through proper training, we proposed summer camps. Arranged dance teacher as dance teacher.

### Activities in Summer Camp:

- Dance training and practice
- Painting
- Sports
- Cultural activities.





## Awareness camps

The organization organized awareness camps at various places in the area.

Legal literacy camp was organized by GVS in village Tindoni on the occasion of International Day of Justice on July 18, 2022, in which various rules and legal information was given to the people, by GVS District Legal Services Authority, Justice Mr. Ambuj Pandey was invited. People took part in the program enthusiastically, along with officers from other departments were also present.



Since GVS works for the upliftment of tribals and protection of their rights, in this series, on the occasion of International Tribal Day on 04/08/2022, GVS organized a legal literacy camp in tribal-dominated Gram Panchayat Patna.

On this day Ms. Guntha Dangi District Legal Aid Officer of the District Legal Authority gave information about various tribal welfare schemes, laws and how help can be taken from the District Legal Authority.

Public hearing and awareness on legal matters:  
Organized on 01-March-2023 at Polytechnic College Campus, Damoh.

District Legal Authority Secretary Mr. Ambuj Pandey, SDM Gagan Visen, Tehsildar Arvind Yadav, Sanjeev Kumar Mishra, Assistant Manager Women and Child Development Department, Damoh, District Tribal Welfare Officer, Public Service Officer Chakresh Patel, Municipal Council officials, along with Honorable District Magistrate. District Panchayat CEO, medical team, doctors of district hospital, women and child development department officials etc. were present in the representative camp.



The people of Kishan Talaiya slum area were informed about the camp in advance by the GVS team members. More than 200 people came to the camp and gave applications regarding their various problems and issues.

## **GVS initiative to address the issue of shortage of identity documents:**

**Beggary:** There are many places in the city where children were found begging, we have found 22 cases of child begging and action has been taken as per procedure. An initiative to stop child begging, we have identified the families of those children and visit them regularly to create awareness about child begging, child labor and child rights. District Administration has also been contacted to provide adequate assistance to the children as well as their families to survive or maintain their livelihood.

We took this problem of child begging in front of the district administration and took the matter to the public utility Lok Adalat. Honorable Magistrate took the matter seriously and asked us to collect and present the number of children and their general information through a survey so that appropriate action can be taken on the basis of that. The Rural Development Committee conducted a survey of the said settlements, the results of which were as follows –

A total of 240 households were surveyed, of which 124 belonged to the Nat tribe of Tindoni village and 116 belonged to the rag picker community of Kendo ki Talaiya, Kishan Talaiya.

<b>Total Family:</b>		<b>240</b>			
<b>Classification</b>	<b>0-3 Years</b>	<b>3-6 Years</b>	<b>6-14 Years</b>	<b>14-18 Years</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Total Children</b>	131	110	254	133	628
<b>Child Labour</b>	0	0	45	84	129
<b>Child Beggar</b>	25	50	143	23	241

A total of 628 children were surveyed by us in Tindoni. Out of a total of 131 children below the age of three years, 25 children were found involved in begging and similar activities whose mothers beg by taking these children in their arms. Out of total 110 children in the age group of three to six years, 50 children were found involved in begging and similar activities. Out of total 254 children in the age group of six to 14 years, 143 children were found involved in begging and similar activities. While 45 children were found involved in activities like child labour, child labour. Out of total 133 children in the age group of 14 to 18 years, 84 children were found involved in child labour, child labor while 23 children were found involved in child begging.

Therefore, we surveyed a total of 628 children, out of which 129 children were found associated with child labor and 241 children with child begging.

Whenever we tried to connect the needy poor children with any government social welfare schemes, the main hurdle in our way was the lack of their original identity documents.

To solve this problem, we made the local people aware, people decided to take this matter before the court, a woman of Tidoni village got a case registered in the public utility Lok Adalat.



On 22-09-2022: The camp was organized under 'Mukhya Mantri Jan Sewa Abhiyan' GVS made necessary arrangements and helped all the applicants to fill their application forms. GVS volunteer wrote the application forms and guided them to prepare the applications.

The special guests in the camp were Stores Corporation Minister Rahul Singh, CEO Janpad Panchayat, Education Department officials, representative of women and child development, village sarpanch and village secretary.

Public hearing camp was organized in Tindauni village on 01-December-2022 in which representatives of Tehsil Office, Public Service Department were present.

We organized people and completed all necessary formalities of application for birth certificate of 50 children and paid legal and application fees for 50 children

22 December 2022 All birth certificates were generated and distributed to the beneficiaries.

Along with this, in the absence of permanence, caste certificates are not made for these nomadic communities, which are nomads, in the absence of which they remain deprived of various government schemes. For these people, we applied for making a total of 56 caste certificates.



## Environmental awareness

GVS works at the grassroots level to protect nature and natural resources. We formed community groups at the grassroots level and sensitized them about the nature and harms of deforestation. We explain how things are important and important to save the lives of future generations.

We work with community like tribal, dalit and backward. Staying with them, we run campaigns to save water, stop soil erosion, deforestation. We have done the following works under environmental protection –

**Awareness Campaigns:** We conducted awareness campaigns on the importance of environment protection, biodiversity conservation and sustainable practices. Organized workshops, seminars and meetings to educate community members about environmental challenges and solutions.

**Community involvement:** The Rural Development Committee organizes community meetings and dialogues to discuss environmental issues and conservation practices. We also partnered with community-based organizations and schools to engage the community in conservation efforts.

**Conservation of water and its resources:** People use water from natural or man-made resources which most of the time contains contaminated water due to which people suffer from various water borne diseases in different seasons due to which they have to face problems And also a lot of money has to be spent. To deal with this problem, efforts were made by us to clean the water by adding bleaching powder to the wells and handpumps. People were made aware by telling such methods of drinking boiled water during rainy days.

In addition, GVS motivates people to plant trees in their locality and in their fields. We suggest them to collect dry woods from the forests, they should not cut trees as they give you life, and that means oxygen. Plantation also prevents soil erosion, at the end we taught what they earn from the forest.

We also create awareness about the disadvantages of using pesticides, fertilizers instead of natural organic fertilizers. How do they affect our environment. This burning of crop residue causes soil pollution, water pollution and air pollution.



## GVS supports tribal's for forest rights

The tribals are actually the original inhabitants of the forests. Their life depends on the forests and forests are a part of their life. Tribal communities depend on forests for various needs including livelihood, housing and other socio-cultural needs

Tribal people are doing farming in the forest area and at the same time they are also protecting the forests.

When the Forest Rights Act came into force in 2006, many tribals in Madhya Pradesh came under threat for their lives due to the many issues created by the Act and the law.

Tribals are not much advanced like outside world, due to lack of knowledge, education and resources they did not have proper documents, claims and proofs of their history and ownership of their house, agriculture land etc.

During the GVSK field work, many tribal people asked for help. He has also received notices from various departments, forest and court.

GVS counseled these tribal people and advised them to file a petition in the public utility Lok Adalat. Following our suggestion these people successfully filed the petition and we helped them by providing them legal and moral support in every court hearing. Due to our advice and advice, the problem of those tribal people reached the court.

### **Success Story-1**

Raksha Ahirwal, a girl from the Dalit community, lived with her maternal grandparents in a remote village in Damoh district of Madhya Pradesh. She had completed class VIII from Vidya Bharti Saraswati Shishu Mandir and wanted to join Government Girls School in Tendukheda for class IX. But her previous school was refusing to issue her a Transfer Certificate (TC) unless she cleared her outstanding fees of Rs 7,000. Her maternal grandparents were unable to pay such amount.

Keeping this situation in mind, the Rural Development Committee decided to help Raksha. GVS contacted Raksha, provided her with spiritual support and gathered the necessary documents.

We forwarded Raksha's documents to the District Education Officer (DEO) to help him get his transfer certificate issued and school admission done. However, the response of the Department of Education was not satisfactory, so GVS decided to escalate the matter to a higher official level. This problem of defense was reported to the District Judicial Services Authority (DLSA).

The District Judge/Secretary called a meeting with the officials of the District Education Department and directed them to resolve the matter expeditiously. As a result, the District Education Officer directed the Principal of Vidya Bharati Saraswati Shishu Mandir, Taradehi to issue a transfer certificate to Raksha, waiving off the outstanding fees of Rs.7,000.

Further, we advised Raksha to attend her school immediately and assured her that the principal would not ask questions about her fee arrears. Raksha followed this advice and later informed GVS that she had gone to her school and the principal had issued her a transfer certificate without asking her about the outstanding fees.

As a result of the intervention of the Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS), Raksha Ahirwal successfully got admission in the school of her choice, where she also got hostel facilities, giving her a supportive environment.

### **Success Story-2**

The story is about a 14 year old girl belonging to a tribal community who is suddenly kidnapped from her home leaving her family in grief and despair.

As soon as GVS came to know about the said incident, we acted upon it promptly and went to the distraught family of the girl, advised them to maintain patience and advised the father to file a missing person complaint at the local police station.

A few days later, the girl was traced and the police, as ordered by the High Court, rescued her from her abductors and brought her to her village. This incident deeply affected the girl, due to which she became a victim of depression.

After the girl returned home, we had a heart-to-heart conversation with the girl's parents, stressing the importance of education and encouraging them to support their daughter's journey. The girl's parents wanted her to be admitted to those schools which have safe and secure environment, umbrella campus and hostel facilities. Many difficulties were faced in the search for a suitable school.

GVS contacted the Department of Education, but their response was disappointing. Finally we filed a petition under right to education before the District Legal Services Authority.

On which the Hon'ble Court took quick action and ordered the girl child to be provided with a school and hostel of her choice. As a result, the girl got admission in a school with a hostel facility. His parents now find solace in his safe environment and visit him regularly.

In other similar cases, under Beti Bachao Beti Padhao, we helped more than 20 girls get admission in schools of their choice, hostels and scholarships. All the girls got a school of their choice where they are getting safe and easy education. All the girls thanked the Rural Development Committee and promised to work hard for their studies.

## Media appearances and news mentions

दैनिक परिहार गर्जना

दमोह न्यूज

( 14 )



### अंतर्राष्ट्रीय महिला दिवस के उपलक्ष्य में जी व्ही एस ने किया महिला सम्मलेन का आयोजन



**राजकुमार दुबे**

परिहार गर्जना न्यूज। तेंदूखेड़ा। समुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केंद्र परिसर में ग्रामीण विकास समिति जी. व्ही. एस. एवं विधिक सेवा प्राधिकरण के द्वारा अंतर्राष्ट्रीय महिला दिवस कार्यक्रम का आयोजन किया गया। कार्यक्रम में जी व्ही एस के द्वारा ब्लॉक के अनेकों ग्राम की लगभग 600 महिलाओं ने भागीदारी की। विभिन्न विभागों से भी कार्यक्रम उपस्थिति रही। दिशा योजना के तहत स्वास्थ्य एवं पोषण, शिक्षा, कृषि, जल संसाधन, कौशल विकास अदि के विषय में जानकारी दी गई।

न्यायाधीश जगमोहन सिंह ने

महिलाओं को प्रोत्साहित करते हुए नारी शक्ति को पुरुषों से कन्धा मिलकर चलने की बात कही। महिलाओं को उनका समाज में समानता का दर्जा मिले इसके लिए लोगों को जागरूक किया। कार्यक्रम के दौरान जी. व्ही. एस. के द्वारा गठित बालिका पंचायत की सदस्यों विवाह की समस्या पर बहुत ही सुन्दर नाट्य प्रस्तुति दी। मणिकर्णिका झाँसी की रानी की बहादुरी के नाटक का भी मंचन किया गया। जी. व्ही. एस. चाइल्ड लाइन के डायरेक्टर गोविन्द यादव, उप निरीक्षक सुरभि चौहान, रंजर मेधा कुर्मी, दीपशिखा कोरी, ने महिलाओं के अधिकार और

महिला शक्ति पर देश दुनिया से सम्बंधित उदहारण पेश करते हुए महिलाओं को आगे बढ़ने के लिए प्रेरित किया। महिला एवं बालविकास विभाग सहायक संचालक शालीन शर्मा ने महिलाओं को सामान अवसर व सामान हक मिलने की बात कही। जी व्ही एस की संध्या रावत ने नई सोच नई राह का सन्देश दिया। कार्यक्रम में सीबीएमओ आर आर बागरी, रमसा छात्रावास अधीक्षक रजनी जैन, डॉक्टर अंजुल नामदेव, डॉक्टर दीप्ति नामदेव, महिला आरक्षक क्रांति अहीरवाल ने भी महिलाओं को सम्बोधित किया एवं महिला शसक्तीकरण, समानता की बात की। कार्यक्रम में आंगनवाड़ी कार्यकर्ताएं, आशा कार्यकर्ताओं के साथ तेंदूखेड़ा एवं ग्रामीण क्षेत्र की महिलाएं उपस्थित रहीं।

कार्यक्रम में दीपिका ठाकुर, गीता यादव, नीलम कोष्ठी, राजेश सिंह, गजानंद के अलावा अन्य प्रमुख लोगों की उपस्थिति रही। कार्यक्रम का आभार ग्रामीण विकास समिति के धरमदास पाल के द्वारा किया गया। साथ में होली मिलन समारोह मनाया गया। सभी ने एक दूसरे को गुलाल लगाकर महिला सशक्तीकरण की शुभकामनायें दीं।



एडीएम कोर्ट में हुआ परिणय • केंद्रीय मंत्री प्रहलाद पटेल, विधायक धर्मेन्द्र सिंह ने जोड़े को दिया आशीर्वाद

## दस्तावेज न होने से दित्यांगों की शादी नहीं हो पा रही थी, समिति ने खुद के खर्च पर दोनों के प्रमात्र-पत्र बनवाए

भास्कर संवाददाता | तेंदूखेड़ा

सोमवार को एडीएम कोर्ट में ग्राम पांडाझिर के दिव्यांग राघवेंद्र एवं नेत्रहीन युवती कलेन्दरी परिणय सूत्र में बंध गए। दोनों ने कोर्ट में एक दूसरे के गले में माला पहनाई और सात जन्म तक एक दूसरे के रहे गए। इस अवसर पर अपर कलेक्टर नाथुराम गौड़ ने दोनों को शादी की बधाई देकर प्रमाण पत्र जारी किया। शादी कराने में न्यायलय में साक्षी ग्रामीण विकास समिति के डायरेक्टर गोविन्द यादव एवं कार्यक्रम संगठक धरमदास पाल ने हस्ताक्षर किए। साथ ही समिति के सदस्यों

ने जयमाला का कार्यक्रम सम्पन्न कराया। आंगनवाड़ी कार्यकर्ता मिथलेश यादव ने सुगन के रूप में बिछिया, साड़ी, चूड़ी और जय माला दी। शादी के उपरान्त कलेक्टर एसकृष्ण चैतन्य एवं केंद्रीय मंत्री प्रहलाद पटेल, विधायक धर्मेन्द्र सिंह लोधी ने भी आशीर्वाद दिया। इससे पहले शादी के समय न्यायालय में कलेन्दरी की मां वैसखिया के अलावा राघवेंद्र की मां संतोष रानी मौजूद रहीं। सबसे बड़ी बात है कि राघवेंद्र के ग्राम पंडाझिर से लगभग 40 ग्रामीण अपने स्वयं के व्यय पर शादी में शामिल होने पहुंचे थे। शादी के बाद लोग राघवेंद्र और कलेन्दरी



तेंदूखेड़ा। अपर न्यायलय में राघवेंद्र एवं कलेन्दरी की हुई शादी।

को दर्शन कराने बांदकपुर सिद्धधाम लेकर पहुंचे जहां पर भगवान भोले नाथ के दर्शन कराए गए। ज्ञात हो कि दोनों की शादी बड़े संघर्ष के बाद हो

पाई। क्योंकि कलेन्दरी के पास शादी करने के लिए कोई भी दस्तावेज मौजूद नहीं थे। साथ दोनों की ऐसे आर्थिक स्थिति नहीं थी कि स्वयं के

व्यय पर दस्तावेज बनवा सके। जिस कारण कानूनन शादी करना असंभव हो गया था। समिति के सदस्यों ने कलेन्दरी के ग्राम बम्हनी तहसील, लोरमी, जिला मुंगेली छत्तीसगढ़ जाकर युवती के दस्तावेज तैयार किए। सभी तैयारी होने के बाद सोमवार को न्यायालय में शादी सम्पन्न हुई। हालांकि हिन्दू रीति रिवाज के अनुसार हल्दी आदि की रस्में रविवार को राघवेंद्र के ग्राम पांडाझिर में हुई थीं। इस मौके पर अजीता तिवारी, नीलम कोष्टी, गोता यादव, यशवंत सिंह, गजानंद, नंदलाल पटेल, ग्रामीण विकास समिति के राजेश, राहुल यादव मौजूद रहे।

### चाइड लाइन की टीम ने बाल विवाह रुकवाया

पटेल। चाइल्ड लाइन की टीम ने शुक्रवार को ग्राम कुड़ई में एक बाल विवाह रुकवाया। काउंसलर दीपिका ठाकुर, अजीत तिवारी, महिला बाल विकास से कृपाल अठया, सुपरवाइजर कल्पना अहिरवार पुलिस टीम के साथ कुड़ई गांव पहुंची। जहां पर एक 17 वर्षीय बालक का विवाह की जानकारी ली। परिजनों ने बताया कि बालक का विवाह छोटी पथरिया में तय हो चुका है। जिसकी लगन भी हो चुकी है। आगामी दिनों में शादी है। टीम के सदस्यों ने परिजनों को समझाईश दी कि बाल विवाह करना अपराध है। जब आपका बच्चा 21 वर्ष को हो जाए, तभी विवाह करें।

## अक्षय तृतीया पर अधिकारियों ने रोके 4 बाल विवाह

पथरिया क्षेत्र में बाल विवाह की खबर पर पहुंचे चाइल्ड लाइन के अधिकारी, परिजनों को दी समझाया, रुकवाए विवाह

अतुल्य भास्कर, पथरिया

पथरिया 2 एवं 3 मई को अक्षय तृतीय के दिन परियोजना पथरिया के अलग-अलग ग्रामों में हो रहे बाल विवाहों को 1098 चाइल्ड लाइन पर प्राप्त गोपनीय शिकायत पर महिला बाल विकास पथरिया एवं चाइल्ड लाइन दमोह व पुलिस विभाग की संयुक्त टीम के द्वारा स्थल पर पहुंच कर 03 नाबालिक बालिकाओं व 02 नाबालिक बालकों के होने जा रहे बाल विवाहों को रुकवाया



गया, एवं उनके परिवार के उपस्थित सदस्यों व रिस्तेदारों को बाल विवाह से होने वाली समस्याओं को समझाया गया व

बाल विवाह अधिनियम प्रतिषेध 2006 के तहत होने वाली कार्यवाही से अवगत कराया गया, व पंचनामा तैयार किया

परियोजना अधिकारी राजकुमार लड़िया के निर्देशन में संयुक्त टीम में महिला बाल विकास पथरिया से पूर्वक्षक श्रीमती गायत्री लोधी, कम्प्यूटर ऑपरेटर अभित खरे, चाइल्ड लाइन दमोह से दीपिका ठाकुर चाइल्ड लाइन कौन्सलर व चाइल्ड लाइन मेम्बर अजीता तिवारी एवं पुलिस विभाग से आरक्षक राहुल लोधी एवं रामकुमार व महिला बाल विकास की अगनवाड़ी कार्यकर्ता एवं सहायिका उपस्थित रही।



# जी वी एस चाइल्डलाइन के द्वारा चलाया जा रहा चाइल्डलाइन से दोस्ती सप्ताह

वृथ अपडेट, दमोह

जी वी एस चाइल्डलाइन के द्वारा चलाय जा रहे चाइल्डलाइन से दोस्ती सप्ताह के अंतिम दिवस पर रेल्वे स्टेशन दमोह में बच्चों की सुरक्षा को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए %बाल संरक्षण सप्ताह अंतर्गत हस्ताक्षर अभियान% का आयोजन किया गया जिसमें उपस्थित लोगों को बताया कि सजग रहें, सतर्क रहें। बच्चों की परवाह करें। और बच्चों के साथ हो रहे लैंगिक अपराधों तथा गुड टच बैड टच के साथ-साथ बालिका सुरक्षा के बारे में बताया गया। कोई भी व्यक्ति 1098 डायल कर बेसहा और बेसहारा बच्चों की मदद कर सकते हैं या बच्चा स्वयं। चाइल्डलाइन को ऑर्डिनेटर ने उपस्थित लोगों



और बच्चों को संबोधित करते हुए कहा कि अगर आप स्कूल जाते समय रास्ते में बाजार जाते समय या कहीं सार्वजनिक स्थान पर कोई

पीछ करता है, कोई अभद्र शब्द का इस्तेमाल करता है, अश्लील बातें करता है तो आप चाइल्ड लाइन 1098 डायल करें। चाइल्डलाइन 24x7 घंटे बच्चों की मदद के लिए तैयार है। चाइल्डलाइन से दोस्ती सप्ताह 14 से 20 नवंबर 2022 हर साल बच्चों के अधिकारों को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए मनाया जाता है। इस अवसर पर दमोह रेल्वे स्टेशन प्रबंधक आर.एस. मीणा, आर.पी.एफ से उपनिरीक्षक जे. डी. मिश्रा, चाइल्डलाइन से कोऑर्डिनेटर यशवंत सिंह, कान्सलर दीपिका ठाकुर, टीम मेंबर अजीता तिवारी, अनुज सोनी, आर.पी.एफ. स्टाफ एवं रेल्वे स्टाफ उपस्थित रहे।



दमोह 24-12-2022

## नट जाति के बच्चों को मिले जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र

धुमक्कड़ जाति के होने से नहीं बन पा रहे थे जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र

भास्कर संवाददाता | दमोह

शहर से लगे ग्राम तिर्दौनी में नट जाति के लोग सालों से रह रहे हैं। शासन द्वारा इस जाति के लोगों को समय-समय पर योजनाओं का लाभ तो मिलता रहता है। लेकिन नट समुदाय एक ऐसा समुदाय है जो धुमक्कड़ जाति का है, जिस कारण से इनके जन्म प्रमाण पत्र नहीं बन पाते थे। ग्राम तिर्दौनी में रहने वाले इन नट जाति के बच्चों को सुशासन सप्ताह के अंतर्गत तहसीलदार अरविंद यादव ने जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र प्रदान किए। जन्म प्रमाण पत्र मिलने से नट जाति के इन बच्चों और परिजनो में खुशी देखने मिली। ग्राम तिर्दौनी के बालक लोकेश पिता रमेश नट ने बताया की जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र मिल गया है, मैं बहुत खुश हूँ। दिवांसी



दमोह | धुमक्कड़ जाति के होने से नहीं बन पा रहे थे जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र, बच्चों को बनवाकर दिए जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र।

पिता भैयालाल नट ने बताया कि मैं कक्षा दूसरी में पढ़ती हूँ आज जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र मिला है, बड़े होकर पुलिस अधिकारी बनना चाहती है। रानिका नट ने बताया की कक्षा तीसरी में पढ़ती हूँ आज जन्म प्रमाण पत्र मिला है। सूरज, हरि प्रसाद ने बताया कि नट जाति के हैं, आज बच्चों को जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र मिले हैं अभी तक जन्म प्रमाण पत्र नहीं बना था। तहसीलदार ने कहा सुशासन सप्ताह के तहत कलेक्टर एस कृष्ण चैतन्य

के निर्देशन में कैंप आयोजित किया गया, जिसमें नट समुदाय के 50 बच्चों का जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र बनाकर वितरित किए गए हैं। नट समुदाय एक ऐसा समुदाय है जो धुमक्कड़ जाति का है, जिस कारण से इनके जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र नहीं बन पाते थे। ग्राम पंचायत, जिला न्यायालय और दमोह की चाइल्ड हेल्पलाइन के सहयोग से यह विशेष आयोजन कर जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र दिए गए। लोक सेवा प्रबंधक चक्रेश पटेल ने कहा

केंद्र शासन और राज्य शासन द्वारा सुशासन सप्ताह का आयोजन किया जा रहा है, इस दौरान सुशासन गांव की ओर कार्यक्रम आयोजित किया गया। सोमेश गुप्ता ने बताया गांव में करीब 80 वर्षों से नट समुदाय निवास कर रहा है, जो भीख मांग कर और नाट्य तमाशा करके अपना जीवन यापन करते थे। अब उनमें जागरूकता आ रही है। आज उन बच्चों को जन्म प्रमाण-पत्र सुशासन दिवस के तहत वितरण किए गए हैं।

## बच्चों व महिलाओं को आत्मनिर्भर बनाने राखी व ब्रेसलेट बनाने का दिया प्रशिक्षण

भास्कर संवाददाता | दमोह

कोरोना के कारण महंगाई एवं बेरोजगारी की संख्या के साथ साथ बाल भिक्षुकों की संख्या भी बढ़ती रही है। बच्चों और बड़ों को अनेक चौराहे मंदिरों एवं मस्जिदों, बाजारों के आसपास भीख मांगते हुए देखा जा रहा है।

शहर के किशन तलैया, कैदो की तलैया एवं तिंदोनी में भीख मांगने वाले बच्चों को से संपर्क किया गया तो पता चला कि बच्चे भीख मांगकर अपना एवं अपने परिवार का भरण पोषण करते हैं।

बच्चों द्वारा भीख मांगने का सबसे बड़ा कारण देखा गया है कि परिवार के व्यस्क लोगों में बेरोजगारी एवं लोगों में कौशल एवं शिक्षा की कमी का होना पाया गया है। ग्रामीण विकास समिति ने तीनों जगह सर्वे



दमोह | महिलाओं एवं बच्चों को दिया जा रहा राखी व ब्रेसलेट का प्रशिक्षण।

करके समस्याओं को जाना। इसके बाद बच्चों और बड़ों को भिक्षावृत्ति से दूर करने के उपाय सोच कर कौशल विकास प्रशिक्षण शिविर लगाया गया। जिसमें महिलाओं को सीजन अनुसार राखी, और ब्रेसलेट बनाना सिखाया गया। जिसमें कम

लागत से छोटा सा व्यवसाय चालू करवाने के लिए संस्था द्वारा कार्य किया गया। इस दौरान मास्टर ट्रेनर राहुल सिंह, अजीता तिवारी, नीलम कोष्टी, दीपिका ठाकुर, यशवंत सिंह, सब्बुलाल, धर्मद, अनुज सोनी का सहयोग रहा।

## बच्चों के बेहतर जीवन और लोगों को मिले जन सुविधाओं का लाभ

दमोह(नईदुनिया प्रतिनिधि)। बच्चों को बेहतर जीवन और शिक्षा मिले साथ में पात्र हितग्राहियों को जन सुविधाओं का लाभ मिले इस बात को लेकर लगातार प्रयास जारी हैं और इसी क्रम में दमोह जिला मुख्यालय के कुछ ही किलोमीटर की दूरी पर ग्राम तिंदोनी में एक विशेष शिविर का आयोजन किया गया। जिसमें जिला न्यायाधीश/सचिव अम्वुज पांडे ने बच्चों के दर्द को सुना तो वहीं ग्रामीणों की समस्याओं को जाना निराकरण के संबंधित विभाग के अधिकारियों को निर्देश दिये। ज्ञात हो कि विश्व अंतर्राष्ट्रीय न्याय दिवस के अवसर पर ग्राम तिंदोनी में विधिकसाक्षरता, जनजागरूकता शिविर का आयोजन किया गया था। जिसमें बड़ी संख्या में बच्चों और ग्राम के लोगों की समस्याओं को सुना गया और निराकरण करने के निर्देश दिये गये।

कार्यक्रम की शुरुआत मां वीणापाणी की अराधना एवं वीपप्रज्जवलन के साथ जिला न्यायाधीश अम्वुज पाण्डेय एवं मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी जिला पंचायत अजय श्रीवास्तव एवं मंचासीन अतिथियों द्वारा किया गया। वहीं दूसरी ओर मंचासीन अतिथियों की मानवंदना पुष्पगुच्छ से ग्राम पंचायत तिंदोनी के बच्चों द्वारा किया गया। बेहतरीन प्रस्तुति देकर अन्य के साथ नट बच्चों ने मंचासीन अतिथियों का मन मोह लिया तो वहीं दूसरी ओर ग्राम पंचायत के सभाकक्ष में उपस्थित बड़ी संख्या में संबंधित विभाग

न्याय दिवस के अवसर पर आयोजित कार्यक्रम में जिला न्यायाधीश पांडे ने कहा



न्यायाधीश बच्चों से बात करते हुए। ● संपन्न : जनसंपर्क विभाग

के अधिकारियों/कर्मचारियों के साथ ग्रामीणों को तालियां वजाने के लिये मजबूर कर दिया। एक मंडे कलाकरों की तरह उन बच्चों ने प्रस्तुति दी जो भिक्षावृत्ति एवं शालात्यागी के रूप में जाने जाते हैं।

**भिक्षावृत्ति, बाल मजदूरी और तिंदोनी** : बच्चे देश का भविष्य होते हैं अगर उनका वचपन सही ढंग से प्रारंभ हो उन्हें बेहतर स्वास्थ्य शिक्षा मिल सके तो देश भी मजबूत स्थिति में होता है परंतु दमोह जिले के ग्राम तिंदोनी में भिक्षावृत्ति, बाल मजदूरी, शाला

त्यागी बच्चों की बड़ी संख्या है। ज्ञात हो कि एक सर्वे के अनुसार यह संख्या 143 बताई गई है जिसमें 60 बच्चे और 83 बच्चियां सम्मिलित हैं जो भिक्षावृत्ति और बाल मजदूरी करके अपना जीवन-यापन करते हैं। वहीं दूसरी ओर 143 वह बच्चे हैं जो शिक्षा के अधिकार का लाभ प्राप्त नहीं कर पा रहे हैं जिसको लेकर ग्राम तिंदोनी आये दिन चर्चाओं में बना रहता है। शासन द्वारा अनेक जन कल्याणकारी योजनाओं को लेकर बात की जाती है परन्तु यहां पर योजनाओं के लाभ

## नहीं बने दस्तावेज होती है परेशानी

ग्राम तिंदोनी में आयोजित विश्व अंतर्राष्ट्रीय न्याय दिवस के अवसर पर शिविर में एक महत्वपूर्ण विन्दु और उभरकर सामने आया जिसमें अनेक बच्चों के महत्वपूर्ण दस्तावेज नहीं बने थे जिसमें जन्मप्रमाण पत्र, आधार कार्ड, समग्र परिवार आईडी, राशनकार्ड, आयुष्मान कार्ड और जाति प्रमाण पत्र सम्मिलित हैं इनकी संख्या 423 है। आयोजित शिविर के दौरान महिला सशक्तिकरण अधिकारी संजीव मिश्रा, मुख्य कार्यपालन अधिकारी जनपद पंचायत विनोद जैन, सरपंच मीना सोमेश गुप्ता, आजीविका मिशन के प्रमुख स्याम गौतम, चार्डल्ड लाईन दमोह से गोविन्द यादव, वीरेंद्र जैन सहित अन्य विभागों के अधिकारी के साथ जनप्रतिनिधि, ग्रामीणों की उपस्थित रही।

से आखिर यह सब बंचित क्यों हैं इसी विषय को लेकर जिला न्यायाधीश अम्वुज पाण्डे ने उनके दर्द को समझा जाना एवं निराकरण के निर्देश दिये।