

Gramin Vikas Samiti

Damoh (M.P.)



Annual Progress Report

2024-25





Gramin Vikas Samiti

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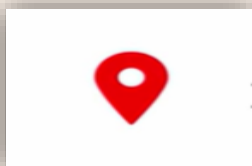
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About Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS)

Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) was founded on 16 June 1992 and is registered under the Societies Registration Act. Since its inception, GVS has been committed to creating a just, equitable, and inclusive society — one that stands firmly against caste, class, and gender-based discrimination. We envision a world where justice, peace, development, and moral values guide human progress. Our work focuses on empowering marginalized communities, especially tribals, Dalits, and backward classes, to gain control over their natural and livelihood resources. We strive for a society where people co-exist harmoniously with nature, and equality is not just an ideal but a lived reality. Our efforts are concentrated in some of the most remote and underdeveloped areas of the Bundelkhand region, covering the districts of Damoh, Panna, Sagar, Tikamgarh and Chhatarpur in Madhya Pradesh. GVS strategically plans its interventions by prioritizing the needs of these communities, ensuring that their voices and rights remain at the center of development initiatives.

Our Vision

We envision a just and inclusive society where the poor, weak, marginalized, and vulnerable especially tribals, Dalits, backward communities, women, and children in rural areas live with equality, dignity, peace, and social justice. A society free from all forms of discrimination, where every individual has access to quality healthcare, education, and livelihood opportunities, ensuring security and respect for all.

Our Mission

We aspire to build a strong society by connecting the poor, weaker, marginalized, deprived and vulnerable sections of rural areas with the government's health-related schemes and services, making education accessible to children, preserving and promoting people's art and culture, building capacity of the community through empowering women and youth, assisting the farmers to adopt farm-mechanized and organic techniques of farming to improve their livelihood.

Our Core Values

At Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS), our work is guided by a strong ethical foundation rooted in the following core values:

➤ **Accountability**

We take responsibility for our words, actions, and the outcomes of our work, ensuring transparency and trust in all that we do.

➤ **Respect**

We value every individual and uphold dignity, professionalism, and inclusivity in our interactions with communities and partners.

➤ **Integrity**

We build lasting trust through honest relationships, ethical conduct, and consistent, responsible actions.

➤ **Teamwork**

We believe in the power of collaboration and collective effort, working together to achieve shared goals and sustainable impact.

► **Where We Work: -**

Strengthening Communities Across Bundelkhand, Madhya Pradesh

GVS primarily operates in the Bundelkhand region of Madhya Pradesh. However, we recognize that national-level issues, policies, and socio-economic forces deeply influence the local realities of our communities. Our work is deeply rooted in the principles of justice, peace, inclusive development, and equality. We envision a society free from caste, class, and gender-based discrimination — a society where the poor and marginalized have control over their natural and livelihood resources, live in harmony with nature, and uphold strong moral values.

Our Approach & Philosophy

GVS believes that social transformation is possible only when citizens are empowered — aware of their rights and responsibilities, and of the duties of the government. Our role is to bridge the gap between the people and public resources, making them accessible to all, especially the most marginalized. We adopt an inclusive and participatory approach that focuses on empowering people through:

- Grassroots engagement
- Promoting equality and dignity
- Strengthening local leadership
- Building long-term, trust-based relationships

Empowerment Through Integrated Livelihoods

Our experience shows that sustainable development requires a people-centered and integrated livelihood approach. We support communities in identifying their own needs and lead self-driven paths toward empowerment and self-reliance. This includes:

- Facilitating access to government schemes
- Enabling local decision-making
- Encouraging community-led development
- Providing counseling and mediation support in critical issue

Awareness, Laws & Social Change: GVS also plays a vital role in creating legal awareness and advocating for social change. Many harmful traditions and practices still exist in rural communities, often rooted in caste or cultural customs. GVS works to challenge these through:

- Legal literacy campaigns
- Social counseling and conflict mediation
- Promoting humane and rights-based solutions

1.- Empowering Rural Communities for Inclusive Development

During the financial year 2024-25, Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) undertook several initiatives to strengthen community participation, local governance, and water resource management in 23 villages of 6 Gram Panchayats in Tend Kheda Block. These initiatives have collectively contributed to empowering rural communities, promoting local democratic practices, and enhancing water governance while ensuring the active participation of women and marginalized sections in local decision-making processes. Gramin Vikas Samiti remains committed to inclusive, sustainable rural development, aligning with the principles of community ownership and decentralized governance in all our interventions.

☀ **Village-Level Survey:** Conducted comprehensive surveys covering 23 villages, 3,995 households, and 15,643 individuals, generating valuable baseline data for planning and monitoring.



1. Capacity Building of Community-Based Organizations: Organized training for 40 CBOs across 23 villages to activate and strengthen village-level councils for effective community-led development.

2. Strengthening Village Water and Sanitation Committees: Trained VWSC members on their roles and responsibilities in 23 villages. Provided handholding support to prepare Village Action Plans using Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) methods in 6 Gram panchayat.





Engagement with Local Governance Bodies:

Held half-yearly meetings with Sarpanch on their roles and responsibilities to strengthen accountability and community engagement. Oriented Gram Panchayat bodies on Jal Jeevan Mission, focusing on the preparation and review of Village Action Plans and GDPs with a water-centric approach. Supported Gram Panchayats in developing inclusive Gram Panchayat Development Plans (GDPs) ensuring the participation of marginalized communities.



- **Promoting Women's Leadership:** Conducted leadership trainings specifically for women Panchayat members to enhance their participation and understanding of their roles in local governance.



☀ **Team Capacity Building and Knowledge**

Sharing: Organized training sessions and workshops for GVS team members to enhance facilitation and program implementation skills. Arranged educational excursions and interactive sessions with resource persons on local democracy, water governance, and constitutional values to build deeper community perspectives. Facilitated regular meetings and discussions to ensure transparent, participatory processes within communities.



► **Outcomes and Impact** ◀

❖ **Reliable Village-Level Data for Planning**

- Surveyed 3,995 households and 15,643 individuals across 23 villages, providing clear data on water, sanitation, health, and social security needs to support focused planning.

❖ **Strengthened Community Institutions**

- 40 Community-Based Organizations (CBOs) in 23 villages became active, conducting regular meetings and addressing local issues.
- Community members, especially women, gained confidence in presenting and discussing local challenges, building grassroots leadership.

❖ **Improved Functionality of VWSCs**

- Village Water and Sanitation Committees (VWSCs) in all 23 villages are functional, actively planning and monitoring water and sanitation needs.
- 6 Village Action Plans prepared using PRA methods, ensuring community-led planning for water management and local development.

❖ **Enhanced Local Governance**

- Half-yearly meetings with Sarpanch and Panchayat bodies improved understanding of their roles under Jal Jeevan Mission and GPDP.
- Panchayats began integrating water-focused actions into GPDPs for sustainable village development.
- **Women's Leadership Strengthened:** Women Panchayat members actively participated in local governance, voicing issues around water, health, and social entitlements, improving gender-responsive governance.

- A Women's Conference was held with 500 village women participating, fostering discussions on women's rights, health, water management, and local governance, building collective leadership among rural women.

❖ **Increased Community Participation and Advocacy**

- Community members submitted 9 petitions on issues such as:
- Demanding water pipelines under Jal Jeevan Mission.
- Improving water supply, PDS distribution, road conditions, and access to social security schemes.
- These actions reflect increased community awareness, participation, and advocacy for entitlements and services.

❖ **Focus on Water Conservation and Community Engagement**

- Community meetings on water conservation-initiated discussions on preserving water sources and effective water governance.
- Enhanced understanding of resource management and climate resilience within the community.

❖ **Enabling Access to Government Schemes**

- GVS linked 1203 individuals in 23 villages across 6 Gram Panchayats of Tendukheda block with government schemes such as:
- PDS (Public Distribution System) for food security.
- PMMVY (Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana) for maternity benefits.
- Sambal 2.0 for social security to unorganized workers.
- Ayushman Bharat cards for healthcare access.
- FHTCs (Functional Household Tap Connections) under Jal Jeevan Mission.
- Social security pensions for elderly, widows, and persons with disabilities.
- This linkage ensured that vulnerable and marginalized families accessed essential entitlements, enhancing their quality of life and resilience.

2 -Sustainable Agriculture Practices, Land Restoration, and Livelihood Enhancement

Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) implemented a series of initiatives during FY 2024-25 to Promote sustainable agriculture, restore land productivity, and enhance livelihoods in 7 Villages.

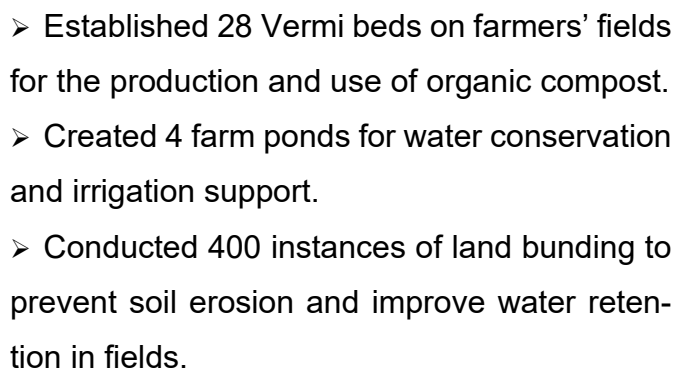
Farmer Capacity Building: Trained 200 farmers on organic farming techniques, including Amrit Ghol, Matka Khad, Panchgavya Khad, and kitchen gardening for sustainable production.

50 kitchen gardens Established
encouraging dietary diversity and
home-based nutrition security.

3 Forest Committees to promote local forest conservation and collective action. Formed 6 Farmers' Clubs to encourage peer learning,



- Distributed 150 solar trap devices to farmers to reduce chemical pesticide use, promoting eco-friendly pest management.



► Outcomes and Impact ◀

❖ Promotion of Organic Farming and Land Restoration:

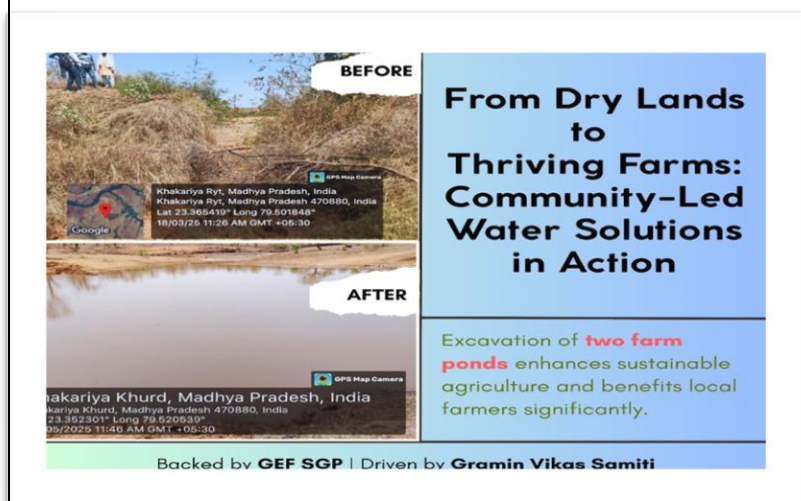
- 200 farmers are now practicing organic farming, bringing 200 hectares under improved sustainable agriculture practices, reducing input costs and improving soil health.

❖ Expansion of Kitchen Gardens:

- ❖ Kitchen gardens improved 50 hectares of land, providing families with fresh vegetables while reducing dependence on market purchases.

❖ Enhanced Water Conservation:

- The creation of 4 farm ponds has improved 200 hectares of agricultural land, enabled moisture retention and supported irrigation during dry periods.
- Distribution of 150 solar traps has enhanced 150 hectares of farmland, reduced chemical pesticide usage and promoted safe food production.



3.- Child Care & Protection

Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) actively worked to protect, support, and empower children and families across intervention areas, with a focus on child protection, education, health, and legal entitlements. Through systematic case management, community engagement, and collaboration with government systems, Gramin Vikas Samiti ensured safety, health, and rights for 418 children and families, advancing its commitment to child protection, care, and dignity in rural communities.

- **Identification and Registration of Cases:** Registered and provided follow-up on 418 cases (228 male, 190 female) in child protection and care categories.
- **Rescue and Support for Missing Children:** Handled 25 missing children's cases, working with police, CWC, and families for tracing and reintegration.
- **Protection from Abuse:** Managed 70 cases related to abuse, ensuring rescue, safe shelter, medical, and legal support.

- **Child Marriage Prevention:** Intervened in 16 cases (14 girls, 2 boys), stopping child marriages in collaboration with police, ChildLine, and the community.
- **Addressing Drug Addiction & Child Beggary:** Assisted 16 children with drug addiction issues and 14 child beggary cases, linking them to counselling and rehabilitation services.
- **Medical Assistance:** Facilitated 102 medical support cases for children and 7 cases for pregnant women, ensuring access to treatment, medicines, and safe deliveries.
- **Education Promotion:**
 - 4 children for vaccination.
 - 8 children for school admissions.
 - 5 children with books.
 - 9 children with scholarships.
 - 21 complaints addressed related to poor studies in schools.
- **Access to Social Protection and Entitlements:**
Assisted families in obtaining:
 - Samagra IDs (11), Aadhaar (12), Birth Certificates (12), Ayushman Cards (7), PDS support (24).
 - Disability certificates (6), pensions (2), and sponsorship (4).
 - Ladli Laxmi Scheme (6) and PM Matritva Vandana Yojana (4).
- **Counselling and Family Dispute Resolution:**
 - Provided 12 counselling cases, addressing trauma and behavioral issues.
 - Supported families in 2 family dispute cases.
- **Community Awareness and Advocacy:**
 - Organized community meetings on child rights, child protection, prevention of abuse and child marriage.
 - Advocated for the creation of Sambal Cards (5 cases) to improve social security coverage.

► Outcomes and Impact ◀

- **Timely Rescue and Reintegration:**
 - 25 missing children traced or reported for rescue.
 - Reintegration support ensured with counselling and follow-up.
- **Prevention of Child Marriages:** 16 child marriages prevented, protecting children's health, education, and rights.
- **Increased Child Safety:** 70 children protected from abuse, with cases linked to legal and social support systems.
- **Access to Education Improved:**

- Enabled 8 children to enroll in schools.
- 21 school quality complaints addressed, improving local education quality.
- **Health and Nutrition Support:**
 - Provided medical care to 109 individuals (children and pregnant women).
 - 4 children vaccinated, promoting health resilience.
- **Enhanced Access to Social Entitlements:** Families received essential documents and en-



titlements, ensuring inclusion in government welfare systems.

- **Empowered Communities:** Strengthened awareness among community members on child rights, protection laws, and the importance of education and health for children.
- **Strengthened Child Protection Systems:** Improved case management systems within GVS to track, monitor, and respond to child protection cases effectively.

4. Pre-School Education & Nutrition

Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) implemented focused initiatives in Tindoni and Kishan Talaiya villages to improve early childhood education, nutrition, and social protection:

- ▶ Inauguration of Preschool Education & Nutrition Program in both villages to formally launch structured, support



for under-6 children. Ration Kits Distribution to 135 poor and marginalized families, including 26 kg rice, 4 kg chana, and 2 kg wheat per family (provided by the Collector) to enhance household food security.

- ❖ Health Camp Organized, benefitting 82 patients, providing general health checkups and consultations.
- ❖ Vidhik Saksharta Diwas organized in collaboration with District Legal Services Authority, Damoh, empowering community members (children, women, men) to secure birth certificates, Aadhaar cards, Samagra IDs, caste certificates, and ration cards.



► **Pre-school Educational Kits Distribution to 80 children, including:**

- Bags, slates, notebooks, stationery packs, chalk. Alphabet and number writing books (1-100), Hindi varnamala books. Full-color learning books and an all-in-one board book to support foundational literacy and numeracy.
- Dress Distribution during Bal Sanrakshan Week to 80 children, including half pants, T-shirts, and shoes to ensure clothing dignity and comfort.
- Winter Clothes Distribution to 80 children, including winter jackets (with JDF logo), Rexona shoes, socks, T-shirts, and track pants for protection during winter.
- ❖ **Daily Preschool Nutrition and Education Program:**
 - Engaged two local volunteers (one per village) for daily nutrition support.
 - Each day, 40 children in each village (total 80) received:
 - 150 ml of Amul Spray milk powder.
 - 4 Parle biscuits.

- Volunteers trained to maintain hygiene and sanitation during food preparation and distribution, supporting children's healthy growth and early development.

► Outcomes and Impact ◀

- **Improved Early Childhood Nutrition:** 80 children now receive daily nutritious supplementation, reducing the risk of undernutrition and supporting healthy physical and cognitive development.
- **Enhanced Foundational Literacy & Numeracy:** Educational kits and daily structured learning activities are enabling under-6 children to develop basic reading, writing, and counting skills, preparing them for formal schooling.
- **Improved Household Food Security:** 135 marginalized families received ration kits, reducing immediate food insecurity and nutritional gaps within vulnerable households.
- **Increased Access to Health Services:** 82 patients accessed medical consultations, improving community health awareness and timely care.
- **Strengthened Legal Identity and Social Protection:** Families obtained birth certificates, Aadhaar, Samagra IDs, and ration cards, enabling access to government entitlements and social safety nets.
- **Protection from Harsh Weather:** Distribution of winter clothing and regular dress support ensured children remained warm, healthy, and attended pre-school activities comfortably.
- **Community Ownership and Sustainability:** Local volunteers engaged, ensuring community participation and sustainability of nutrition and education programs.

► Case Study ◀



1. From Dry Lands to Thriving Farms: Community-Led Water Solutions in Action



Through the GEF Small Grants Program me, supported by TERI–UNDP and led by Gramin Vikas Samiti in the Central Semi-Arid Region of Damoh, Khakariya Khurd is turning dry fields into thriving farmland with water-smart solutions. With the approval of the Gram Sabha, two farm ponds were excavated, marking a powerful shift toward sustainable agriculture and water resilience in Bundelkhand. Each pond now holds approximately 10,000 cubic meters of water. Around 60 hectares of farmland are benefiting from improved moisture levels. Groundwater levels in the area are expected to rise by 2 to 3 meters. With strong community participation, technical design, and Gram Panchayat leadership, this initiative is reviving agriculture and strengthening rural livelihoods. Now, this locally rooted model is ready to scale across Tendu Kheda block, showing that water security starts with empowered communities and informed planning. This is how water security begins: not with concrete, but with community!

Case Study

Teshu Gond, a girl deprived of government schemes due to discrepancies in documents

Introduction -Teshu Gond , age 13 years , is a promising student of village Bhonpatha , Gram Panchayat Badipura , District Damoh (Madhya Pradesh). Her father Athai Singh Gond takes care of his family by doing hard labour. He wishes that his daughter gets higher education and becomes a worthy citizen. But due to mismatch in the name on paper, Teshu was not able to get the benefits

of many government schemes , due to which her family had to face financial and mental problems. **Nature of the problem - At the time of Teshu's birth**, her birth certificate was made in which her name was registered as "Teshu". After this, her name was also registered in the Ladli Laxmi Yojana of the Madhya Pradesh government , due to which she became the beneficiary of this scheme. But when Teshu turned three , his Aadhar card was made , in which the name was written as "Tesu". Teshu studied in the nearest school in the village till class five and then got enrolled in a school 12 km away in Tendukheda for class six. A few months after his admission, when the education department started the process of linking children with government schemes , Teshu was denied the schemes.

Main problems

1. **Difference in name in documents** – When the education department officials entered Teshu’s Aadhaar number on the portal , his name appeared as “Diksha Gond” on the screen. Because of this, his identity could not be confirmed.
2. **Deprived of Government Schemes** – Due to wrong name in Aadhar Card, her name was showing as “Diksha Gond” on the portal , due to which she was deprived of the benefits of scholarship and other Government schemes.
3. **No clear solution** – Athai Singh made several rounds of the Public Service Center , District Office and Education Department , but did not get any concrete solution. Everywhere he was only given instructions , but no official came forward to solve the problem.

Conflict and Resolution Process - Frustrated with the continuous failures, Athai Singh shared the problem with his neighbour Dharamji. Dharamji advised him to approach Gramin Vikas Samiti (GVS) . Athai Singh called the GVS office and told them about his daughter's problem. From there, he was advised to come to Damoh with all the documents of Teshu so that they could help in the solution. Athai Singh promised to come , but due to some family reason, he could not come. When the GVS team called again , he said that he would come again but kept postponing it.

Initiative of GVS Team - When Athai Singh himself did not come forward , the GVS team decided that they themselves would go to Teshu and his father's house and bring them to Damoh Collectorate. On 21 January 2025 , the GVS team reached Damoh Collectorate with Teshu and Athai Singh. There they presented their problem in detail before the collector.



Teshu with Her Father at Damoh Collectorate

Collector's intervention - Realising the seriousness of the problem, the Collector immediately called

the e-governance officer and directed him to resolve the issue.

Solution to the problem - After checking on the portal, the e-governance officer prepared all the documents of Teshu afresh and completed the process of making a new Aadhar card for him. He gave a receipt to Teshu's father and told him that the correct name will be updated on the portal within eight days. After this, Teshu will be able to avail the benefits of all government schemes.

Conclusion and learning - This incident made it clear that even small errors in documents can become a huge obstacle for poor families. To avail the benefits of government schemes, it is necessary for the documents to be correct and accurate.

1. **Be careful while making the documents** – name , date of birth and other information should be entered correctly.
2. **Do not ignore the problem** – get it corrected in time to avoid future problems.
3. **Get the right guidance** – Contact the right organization or officer and find a solution to the problem.
4. **Need to improve government machinery** – The process of correcting minor name errors needs to be simplified and made faster.

Teshu's case turned into a big conflict due to a small error , but it was resolved due to the promptness of the GVS team and the administration. This incident is an inspiration for thousands of poor families who are deprived of the benefits of government schemes due to errors in documents.

Media Gallery

विकसित करना है।

गुबरा से जब टैंकर वापस आया तो उसमें से निकाला गया है।

जल निगम की लापरवाही से बेलढाना रैयत की 20 घरों में नहीं आ रहा पानी, एसडीएम से की शिकायत

भास्कर न्यूज़। तेंदुखेड़ा

हर घर जल योजना पर सरकार द्वारा लाखों रुपए खर्च किए जा रहे हैं, ताकि घर-घर में साफ और स्वच्छ पानी का पानी पहुंच सके। इस योजना के तहत तेंदुखेड़ा ब्लॉक के कई गांवों में सतधरू परियोजना के तहत जल निगम के कर्मचारियों के द्वारा लगातार लापरवाही की जा रही है।

जिससे लोगों को इस भीषण गर्मी में बड़े परेशानी का सामना करना पड़ रहा है। क्योंकि उन्हें पर्याप्त पानी नहीं मिल पा रहा है। कहीं-कहीं तो पानी को एक बूंद भी नहीं आ रही है। जिससे परेशान होकर ग्रामीण शिकायत-शिकायत करते हुए नजर आ रहे हैं। ऐसी ही एक शिकायत तेंदुखेड़ा जनपद की ग्राम पंचायत बेलढाना के आखिरी ग्राम बेलढाना रैयत की महिलाओं, पुरुषों ने सोमवार को



तेंदुखेड़ा आकर एसडीएम से की है। शिकायत करने आई बंदना, पार्वती, फिकी, क्वी, देवी सिंह सहित अन्य ने बताया कि हमारी बस्ती में करीब 25 परिवार रहते हैं। इस बस्ती में पानी की सुविधा के लिए कोई हैंडपंप भी नहीं है। सतधरू परियोजना के तहत जल निगम द्वारा पाइप लाइन डलवाकर कनेक्शन दिए गए हैं, पर उसमें पानी की एक बूंद नहीं आती है।

जिसकी शिकायत हम लोगों ने कई बार की है, पर हमारी समस्या का हल नहीं हुआ है। अब गर्मी का मौसम

चल रहा है। जिससे पानी की खपत भी ज्यादा बढ़ गई है। मवेशियों के लिए भी पानी चाहिए होता है, पर सुविधा नहीं होने के कारण बहुत ज्यादा दिक्कतों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है। बस्ती से एक-दो किलोमीटर दूर से पानी खोना पड़ रहा है।

पानी खोने के लिए परिवार के सभी सदस्य लगे रहते हैं। जिससे अन्य कामकाज भी प्रभावित हो रहे हैं। बस्ती के सावित्री सिंह के घर से राजेश केवट के घर तक पानी नहीं आता है। पानी की समस्या का समाधान करने

के लिए तेंदुखेड़ा आए और फिर एसडीएम को फिर से आवेदन देकर गुहार लगाई है।

सरपंच प्रतिनिधि दिलीप यादव ने बताया कि इस बस्ती में जल संकट बहुत है। सरपंच के द्वारा इस समस्या को लेकर जल निगम को कई बार शिकायत की गई है, पर जल निगम के कर्मचारियों ने आज तक समस्या का हल नहीं किया है। खेमेवार को फिर से शिकायत करने महिलाएं पहुंची हैं। महिलाओं ने चेतावनी दी कि यदि समस्या का निराकरण जल्द नहीं हुआ तो वे चक्काजाम करने मजबूर हो जाएंगी। जिसकी जवाबदेही शासन-प्रशासन की होगी। इस संबंध में एसडीएम गंधर्व का कहना है कि जल निगम के अधिकारी को निर्देशित किया है कि समस्या का जल्द निराकरण कराया जाए ताकि बस्तीवासियों को गर्मी में पानी के लिए परेशान न होना पड़े।



दमोह 21-12-2024

दैनिक भास्कर
सागर, रनिवार, 21 दिसंबर, 2024

14

ठंड में हाथीडोल के लोग पीने के पानी की समस्या से जूझ रहे



जनपद सीईओ को ज्ञापन देने पहुंचे लोग।

भास्कर संवाददाता | तेंदुखेड़ा

ग्राम पंचायत इमलीडोल के ग्राम हाथीडोल के निवासी पीने के पानी के लिए ठंड के सीजन में भी परेशान हैं। अगर ग्राम की बिजली सप्लाई बंद हो जाती है तो लोग 3 किमी अमेहड़ झरिया से पानी लाते हैं। बिजली सप्लाई होने पर खेतों में बोरेबेल से पानी लाकर प्यास बुझाते हैं। ग्राम में दो हैंडपंप हैं लेकिन जलस्तर गिर जाने से हैंडपंप हवा दे रहे हैं।

ग्राम की 296 आबादी के लिए जलजीवन मिशन के तहत पाइप लाइन तीन साल पहले डाली गई थी। लगभग 9 किमी दूर पानी की टंकी भी बनाई गई है लेकिन तीन सालों में आज तक पानी की सप्लाई चालू नहीं हो पाई है। जिससे लोग पानी की समस्या जूझ रहे हैं। इसको लेकर महिलाओं एवं ग्राम पंचायत के सरपंच नवल झरिया ने जनपद सीईओ को आवेदन देकर समस्या के निराकरण की मांग की है। इस दौरान सरपंच के साथ कौशल्या बाई, गुड्डा सिंह, मनीषा, किशन सिंह, भगवान सिंह, राजू सहित अनेक लोग मौजूद थे।

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दैनिक भास्कर

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बैठक

पानों की व्यवस्था और जंव एक खेतों पर ग्रामीणों से संवाद

जैविक खेती के लाभों को समझाया, किसानों को किया प्रेरित

पत्रिका न्यूज नेटवर्क
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तेंदुखेड़ा, ग्राम इमलीडोल में ग्रामीण विकास समिति के तत्वावधान में बैठक का आयोजन किया गया। इसमें पानों की बेहतर व्यवस्थाओं और जैविक खेती को बढ़ावा देने पर चर्चा की गई। इस कार्यक्रम में आइएडटी रुइकी के प्रोफेसर वसंत यादव ने अपनी उपस्थिति देकर कहा कि बैठक में गांव के लगभग 90 ग्रामीणों, जिनमें 42 महिलाएं शामिल थीं, ने सक्रिय रूप से भाग लिया।

बैठक का मुख्य उद्देश्य ग्रामीण स्तर पर पानों के प्रबंधन को सुधारना और जैविक खेती के लाभों को समझाकर सतत विकास को प्रोत्साहित करना था। प्रोफेसर वसंत



यादव ने जल संरक्षण और प्रबंधन के महत्व पर प्रकाश डालते हुए कहा कि छोटे-छोटे उपखंडों से पानी की समस्या का स्थायी समाधान निकाला जा सकता है। उन्होंने जल पुनर्चक्रण, जलसंचयन के निर्माण और खारिज के पानी के संचयन जैसे उपाय सुझाए। जैविक खेती के विषय में बोलते हुए प्रोफेसर यादव ने कहा कि यह पद्धति न केवल मिट्टी की उर्वरता बढ़ाती है बल्कि किसानों को

रासायनिक खाद और कीटनाशकों पर निर्भरता कम करने में भी मदद करती है। उन्होंने बताया कि जैविक खेती से न सिर्फ पर्यावरण संरक्षण होता है, बल्कि किसानों की आय में भी उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि होती है। गांव की महिलाओं ने भी बैठक में बड़-बड़कर भाग लिया और अपने अनुभव साझा किए। एक महिला किसान ने कहा कि जैविक खेती अपनाने से उनके परिवार को



खाद्य सुरक्षा बेहतर हुई है। बैठक में उपस्थित सभी लोगों ने पानी और खेतों के प्रति नई जानकारी प्राप्त की और इसे अपनाने की प्रतिबद्धता जताई।

ग्रामीण विकास समिति डायरेक्टर गोविंद ने कहा कि इस प्रकार के जागरूकता कार्यक्रम गांव के सतत विकास में एक महत्वपूर्ण कड़ी हैं। उन्होंने सभी ग्रामीणों से समूहिक प्रयास करने का आग्रह

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बच्चों को प्री-पोषण आहार बांटा



दमोह | ग्रामीण विकास समिति स्वयंसेवी संस्था ने शहर से लगी किशन तलैया कच्ची बस्ती में मंगलवार को बच्चों के लिए जीबीएस द्वारा प्री स्कूल पोषण और शिक्षा देने की शुरुआत की। इस बीच संस्था प्रमुख गोविंद यादव, परियोजना सुपरवाइजर, आगनवाड़ी कार्यकर्ताओं ने बच्चों को एक जगह एकत्रित किया और 6 महीने से पांच वर्ष तक के बच्चों को 150 ग्राम दूध और बिस्कुट का वितरण किया।

जरूरतमंद बच्चों को किया वस्त्रों का वितरण

नवभारत, दमोह. ग्रामीण विकास समिति द्वारा शहर स्थित किशनतलैया



क्षेत्र के जरूरतमंद बच्चों को ड्रेस, टी-शर्ट, पैंट, लोअर, जूते और मोजे वितरित किए गए. इस अवसर पर इस ग्राम पंचायत चोपरा खुर्द के

सरपंच जयपाल यादव ने कहा कि बच्चों का आंगनवाड़ी और स्कूल में नियमित रूप से जाना अनिवार्य है. उनके हाथों में पुस्तक होनी चाहिए, ताकि वे शिक्षा के माध्यम से अपने भविष्य को संवार सकें. साथ ही, उन्हें पर्याप्त भोजन और अच्छे कपड़े भी मिलने चाहिए. ताकि कोई भी बच्चा अभावग्रस्त जीवन न जीए. उन्होंने जोर देकर कहा कि जब हर बच्चा शिक्षित होगा, तभी दमोह का समग्र विकास संभव होगा. इस अवसर पर सेवानिवृत्त डीएसपी राज किशोर सेन, ग्रामीण विकास समिति के गोविंद यादव दीपिका ठाकुर, अजीता तिवारी, धनेंद्र मांझी विशेष रूप से उपस्थित रहे.

किशन तलैया में स्वास्थ्य कैंप लगाया

नवभारत, दमोह. कलेक्टर सुधीर कुमार कोचर के निर्देशन में ग्रामीण विकास समिति के सहयोग से किशन तलैया में स्वास्थ्य कैंप लगाया गया. जिसमें डॉ रामेश्वर पटेल व डॉ आरती पटेल सहित स्वास्थ्य विभाग की टीम ने पहुंच कर किशन तलैया में 82 लोगों का हेल्थ चेकअप किया गया.

जिसमें बुखार, एनीमिया, पेट दर्द, दांत दर्द और किशोरी बालिकाओं, वच्चों व महिलाओं की जांच की गई. कैंप में आये लोगों को बीएम दुबे ने स्वास्थ्य संबंधी जानकारी में बताया कि घरों

में उपलब्ध भोजन और मुनगा के फल फूल भाजी को शामिल करें. कैंप में आये एपीएम नरेश राठौर और एएनएम ने घर-घर जाकर 6 किशोरी बालिकाओं और 4 गर्भवती तथा जिन 2 महिलाओं की होम डिलेवरी हुई. उनके घर जाकर सम्पर्क किया. जिसमें स्वास्थ्य सम्बन्धी सलाह दी गई. जीव्हीएस चाइल्डलाइन डायरेक्टर गोविन्द यादव, दीपिका ठाकुर, धरमदास पाल ने टीम सहित लोगों को हेल्थ कैंप की जानकारी एक दिन पूर्व से दी गई और हेल्थ कैंप में सहयोग किया.

जरूरतमंद बच्चों को शिक्षा और पोषण की सौगात

किशन तलैया व तिंदौनी के जरूरतमंद बच्चों को पोषण और शिक्षा सामग्री की गई प्रदा



और तिंदौनी के जरूरतमंद बच्चों के पोषण स्तर में सुधार के उद्देश्य से प्रतिदिन डेढ़ सौ ग्राम अमूल अमूल्य स्प्रे दूध और पारले-जी बिस्कुट वितरित किए जा रहे हैं। इसी कड़ी में आज 65 बच्चों को शैक्षिक सामग्री वितरित की गई। इस अवसर पर बच्चों को पूर्ण रंग वर्णमाला, पूर्ण रंग संख्याएं, हिंदी वर्णमाला अभ्यास पुस्तिका, मेरी बड़ी लेमिनेटेड

पुस्तक (दस इन वन), वर्णमाला, संख्याएं, स्लेट, पेंसिल बॉक्स, रंग, साँपनर, इरेज़र, मोम के रंग, चाक और बैग सहित लेखन पुस्तिकाएं निःशुल्क दी गईं। कार्यक्रम में महिला एवं बाल विकास विभाग के जिला कार्यक्रम अधिकारी संजीव मिश्रा, सेवानिवृत्त डीएसपी राज किशोर सेन, ग्राम पंचायत कुंवरपुर खेजरा के विकास गुप्ता, ग्राम पंचायत

सचिव संजय मिश्रा, पॉलिटेक्निक प्रोफेसर और ग्रामीण विकास समिति के गोविंद यादव उपस्थित रहे। उन्होंने शिक्षा और पोषण के बारे में जागरूकता बढ़ाने के उनके उच्चतम कामना की। ग्रामीणों ने भी भाग लिया और सहायता प्रयास की सराहना

मोह 19 फरवरी (जसं)।

ग्रामीण विकास समिति के तत्वावधान में किशन तलैया

समझाकर सतत विकास का कि यह पढ़ाई न केवल मित्र का माहौल किसान ने कहा कि जावक कड़ा है। उन्होंने सभी ग्रामीणों से यादव, ब्रजेश सिंह, सरयव नवल प्रोत्साहित करना था। प्रोफेसर धरं उर्वरता बढ़ाती है बल्कि किसानों को खेती अपनाने से उनके परिवार की सामूहिक प्रवास करने का आह्वान जरिया आदि उपस्थित रहे।